## ADMISSIBLE TIME OF USE

There is no limitation of time of use the snap hook on condition that periodic inspections are regularly carried out.

#### PERIODIC INSPECTIONS

The device must be inspected at least once every 12 months from the date of first use. Periodic inspections must only be carried out by a competent person who has the knowledge and training required for personal protective equipment periodic inspections. Depending upon the type and environment of work, inspections may be needed to be carried out more frequently than once every 12 months.

ATTENTION: The device maximum lifetime depends on the intensity of usage and the environment of usage. Using the device in rough environment, marine environment, contact with sharp edges, exposure to extreme temperatures or aggressive substances, etc. can lead to the withdrawal from use even after one use.

## WITHDRAWAL FROM USE

The device must be withdrawn from use immediately and destroyed when it fails to pass inspection or there are any doubt as to its reliability.

IT IS THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE USER ORGANISATION TO PROVIDE THE IDENTITY CARD AND TO FILL IN THE DETAILS REQUIRED.

THE IDENTITY CARD SHOULD BE FILLED IN BEFORE THE FIRST USE BY A COMPETENT PERSON, RESPONSIBLE INTHE USER ORGANIZATION FOR PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT.

ANY INFORMATION ABOUT THE EQUIPMENT LIKE PERIODIC INSPECTIONS, REPAIRS, REASONS OF EQUIPMENT'S WITHDRAWAL FROM USE SHALL BE NOTED INTO THE IDENTITY CARD BY A COMPETENT PERSON.

THE IDENTITY CARD SHOULD BE STORAGED DURING A WHOLE PERIOD OF EQUIPMENT UTILIZATION.

DO NOT USE THE EQUIPMENT WITHOUT THE IDENTITY CARD, ALL RECORDS IN THE IDENTITY CARD. CAN BE FILLED IN ONLY BY A COMPETENT PERSON.

IDENTITY CARD									
MODEL AND TYPE OF EQUIPMENT									
REF. NUMBE									
SERIAL NUMBER						DATE OF M	1ANUF.		
USER NAME									
						DATE OF PUTTING INTO OPERATION			
DATE OF PURCHASE									
PERIODIC EXAMINATION AND REPAIR HISTORY									
	DATE	REASON FOR ENTRY PERIODIC EXAMINATION OR REPAIR		DEFECTS I REPAIRS CAR AND OTHER REVELAN		RRIED OUT		SIGNATURE ENT PERSON	PERIODIC EXAMINATION NEXT DUE DATE
1									
2									
2									

SafetyLiftinGear.com Unit R1D Rockingham Gate Poplar Way West Cabot Park Bristol BS11 0YW Tel: 0808 123 69 69 Fax: 0117 9381 602 sales@safetyliftingear.com

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Notified body, at which the European certification was lissued and which supervises the production of the equipment:

APAVE SUDEUROPE SAS - 8 rue Jean-Jacques Vernazza CS-60193 - 13322 MARSEILLE Cedex 16, France - No. 0082
PRODUCENT: PROTEKT, 93-403 LODZ, ul. Starorudzka 9, POLAND,
TEL: (48 42) 680 20 83, FAX: (48 42) 680 20 93, www.protekt.com.pl



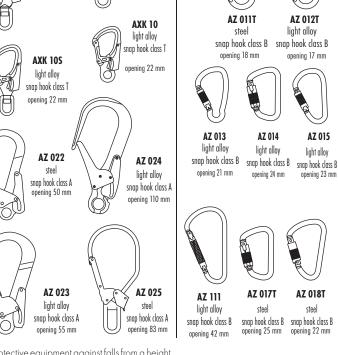
# 

**C € 0082** EN 362:2004



Snap hooks with automatic locking "twist-lock"





Snap hook is a component of the personal protective equipment against falls from a height.

Snap hook must conform to EN 362 - Personal protective equipment against falls from a height-connectors.

Snap hook is the openable device used to connect components of fall arrest equipment into complete fall arrest system.

# **BASIC EQUIPMENT**

opening 25 mm

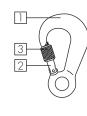
opening 22 mm

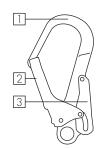
1 body

2 gate

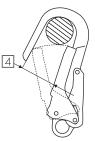
3 gate locking gear

4 gate opening maximum gap for the
passage of an element
into the snap hook and
which allows the
correct functioning of
the gate-locking
feature









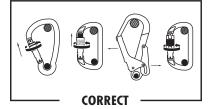
### **BASIC RULES OF USING THE SNAP HOOK**

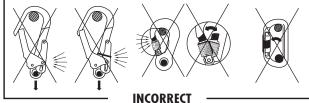
- before each use, a close visual examination of the snap hook components (body, gate, locking gear) must be carried out in
  respect of mechanical, chemical and thermal defects. The examination must be done by a person who is going to use the snap
  hook. In the case of any defect or doubt of correct condition of the snap hook do not use the snap hook.
- using the snap hook, in connection with fall arrest system, must be compatible with manual instructions of the fall arrest systems and obligatory standards:
- EN361 -for the safety harness;
- EN353-1, EN353-2, EN355, EN354, EN360 for the fall arrest systems;
- EN341 for the rescue equipment;
- EN358-for the work positioning equipment.
- the snap hooks with manual locking (e. g. screw locking) shall be acceptable only in cases where the user does not have to attach and remove the snap hook many times a working day.
- during use the snap hook must be protected from a contact with acids, solvents, basics, open fire, hot metal drops and sharp
  edges. If you have any doubts about the conditions where the snap hook will be used, ask the producer.
- before use the fall arrest system, the rescue operation must be introduce to avoid any danger that can happened during using the
  equipment.
- the shape of the structural anchor point should not let self-acting snap hook disconnection see the drawings:





• necessarily protect the snap hook gate with locking gear-see the drawings:





- the length of the snap hook should be taken into account when used in any fall arrest system as it will influence the length of a fall.
- it must be taken into consideration that some situations during use may reduce the stength of the snap hook, e. g. connecting to wide straps.

## **CONTENT OF THE SNAP HOOK MARKING**



## THE ESSENTIAL PRINCIPLES FOR USERS OF PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT AGAINST FALLS FROM A HEIGHT

- personal protective equipment shall only be used by a person trained and competent in its safe use.
- personal protective equipment must not be used by a person with medical condition that could affect the safety of the equipment user in normal and emergency use.
- a rescue plan shall be in place to deal with any emergencies that could arise during the work.
- it is forbidden to make any alterations or additions to the equipment without the manufacturer's prior written consent.
- any repair shall only be carried out by equipment manufacturer or his certified representative.
- personal protective equipment shall not be used outside its limitations, or for any purpose other than that for which it is intended.
- personal protective equipment should be a personal issue item.
- before use ensure about the compatibility of items of equipment assembled into a fall arrest system. Periodically check connecting and adjusting of the equipment components to avoid accidental lossenina or disconnectina of the components.
- it is forbidden to use combinations of items of equipment in which the safe function of any one item is affected by or interferes with the safe function of another.
- before each use of personal protective equipment it is obligatory to carry out a pre-use check of the equipment, to ensure that it is in a serviceable condition and operates correctly before it is used.
- during pre-use check it is necessary to inspect all elements of the equipment in respect of any damages, excessive wear, corrosion, abrasion, cutting or incorrect acting, especially take into
  consideration:
  - in full body harnesses and belts buckles, adjusting elements, attaching points, webbings, seams, loops;
  - in energy absorbers attaching loops, webbing, seams, casing, connectors:
  - in textile lanyards or lifelines or guidelines rope, loops, thimbles, connectors, adjusting element, splices;
- in steel lanyards or lifelines or guidelines cable, wires, clips, ferrules, loops, thimbles, connectors, adjusting elements;
- in retractable fall arresters cable or webbing, retractor and brake proper acting, casing, energy absorber, connector;
- in guided type fall arresters body of the fall arrester, sliding function, locking gear acting, rivets and screws, connector, energy absorber;
- in connectors main body, rivets, gate, locking gear acting.
- after every12 months of utilization, personal protective equipment must be withdrawn from use to carry out periodical detailed inspection. The periodic inspection must be carried out by
  a competent person for periodic inspection. The periodic inspection can be carried out also by the manufacturer or his authorized representative.
   In case of some types of the complex equipment e.g. some types of retractable fall arresters the annual inspection can be carried out only by the manufacturer or his authorized
- regular periodic inspections are the essential for equipment maintenance and the safety of the users which depends upon the continued efficiency and durability of the equipment.
- during periodic inspection it is necessary to check the legibility of the equipment marking.
- it is essential for the safety of the user that if the product is re-sold outside the original country of destination the reseller shall provide instructions for use, for maintenance, for periodic examination and for repair in language of the country in which the product is to be used.
- personal protective equipment must be withdrawn from use immediately when any doubt arise about its condition for safe use and not used again until confirmed in writing by equipment
  manufacturer or his representative after carried out the detailed inspection.
- personal protective equipment must be withdrawn from use immediately and destroyed when it have been used to arrest a fall;
- a full body harness is the only acceptable body holding device that can be used in a fall arrest system.
- in full body harness use only attaching points marked with big letter "A" to attach a fall arrest system. Marking like "A/2" or a half of "A" means the necessity of attaching a fall arrest system to both attaching points together simultaneously. It is strictly forbidden to attach a fall arrest system to the single attaching point marked "A/2" or a half of "A". See drawings below:



- the anchor device or anchor point for the fall arrest system should always be positioned, and the work carried out in such a way, as to minimise both the potential for falls and potential fall distance. The anchor device/point should be placed above the position of the user. The shape and construction of the anchor device/point shall not allowed to self-acting disconnection of the equipment. Minimal static strength of the anchor device/point is 10 kN. It is recommended to use certified and marked structural anchor point complied with EN795.
- it is obligatory to verify the free space required beneath the user at the workplace before each occasion of use the fall arrest system, so that, in the case of a fall, there will be no collision with the ground or other obstacle in the fall path. The required value of the free space should be taken from instruction manual of used equipment.
- there are many hazards that may affect the performance of the equipment and corresponding safety precautions that have to be observed during equipment utilization, especially:
   trailing or looping of lanyards or lifelines over sharp edges.
  - any defects like cutting, abrasion, corrosion.
  - climatic exposure.
  - pendulum falls.
  - extremes of temperature,
  - chemical reagents,
- electrical conductivity.
- personal protective equipment must be transported in the package (e.g.: bag made of moisture-proof textile or foil bag or cases made of steel or plastic) to protect it against damage or moisture.
- the equipment can be cleaned without causing adverse effect on the materials in the manufacture of the equipment. For textile products use mild detergents for delicate fabrics, wash by hand
  or in a machine and rinse in water. Plastic parts can be cleaned only with water. When the equipment becomes wet, either from being in use or when due cleaning, it shall be allowed to dry
  naturally, and shall be kept away from direct heat. In metallic products some mechanic parts (spring, pin, hinge, etc.) can be regularly slightly lubricated to ensure better operation.
   Other maintenance and cleaning procedures should be adhered to detailed instructions stated in the manual of the equipment.
- personal protective equipment should be stored loosely packed, in a well-ventilated place, protected from direct light, ultraviolet degradation, damp environment, sharp edges, extreme temperatures and corrosive or aggressive substances.